AEG – Mobility Challenge Accelerating Urban Fleet Electrification







Integrated Clean Energy Solutions

November 4, 2021

World leader in electricity generated from wind and solar

- \$153 B Market Cap
- \$135 B Assets; \$6–9 B deployed annually
- 47% better CO₂ emissions rate than industry average
- 98% power generated from clean or renewable resources
- 25 GW operating renewables
- 16 GW renewables in development
- 3 GW battery storage operating and under development







Issue – Space and Time







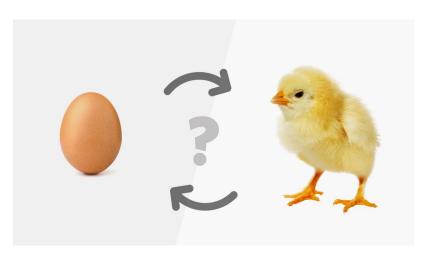
Quick impact on Climate goals vs.

Traditional fleet management that
converts as fleets age out

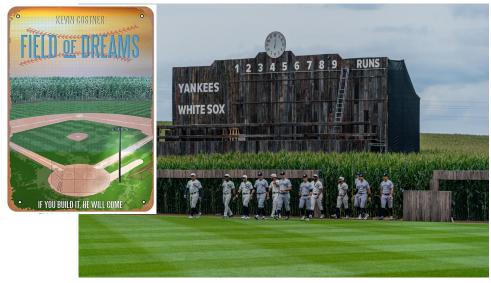




Issue – Reaching a tipping point to in the market



Which comes first?
EVs or Infrastructure?
V2G Ready Fleets vs.
meaningful V2G revenues



Infrastructure Utilization
If you build it, will they come?
When will they come?
How many will come?

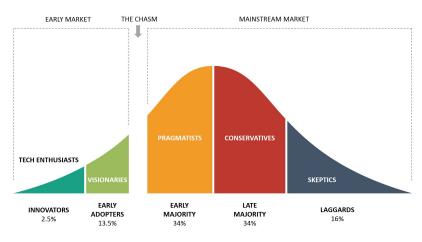




Key Obstacle – Crossing the chasm



Fleets need strategically located, dedicated, resilient, right-sized, economic charging infrastructure to minimize downtime & cost



How do we de-risk the commitment to electrify?





Emerging Solutions – Privately-owned, Shared, Multi-Modal Charging Hubs



- Fleet-centric locations
- Priority slots for fleets
- Restricted access
- Uptime guarantees



- Shared-space is most space-efficient reducing need for multiple locations
- Community Solar
- Can be designed to service public and dedicated fleets
- Opportunity for Environmental justice?



- Anchor Tenants
- Back-stop utilization risk
- Rebates & Incentives
- Low Carbon
 Fuel Standard



- Accelerated Permitting
- Accelerated interconnection / upgrade process
- Clear but flexible grid services rules





Benefits of crossing the chasm

Clean Energy DC Goal:

Reduce GHGs by 50% including 65% per vehicle mile by 2032



CEDC Plan	Percent GHGs	Addressed in
	Reduced from	CEDC <u>ACT</u>
	Total 2032 BAU	
Federal Fuel Economy Standards	7.1%	CAFE
New Construction Policies	4.6%	codes
Existing Building Policies	9.0%	
District Government Buildings	0.5%	
	9.5%	
	1.9%	
PPA for Standard Offer Service	6.6%	PSC
Neighborhood-Scale Energy	0.6%	
	3.6%	moveDC
	0.9%	
	2.6%	
Total GHGs Avoided vs. 2032 BAU	47.0%	
Total GHGs Reduced vs. 2006 Baseline	55.7%	

Consequences of inaction

- Fewer fleets electrify because economics of dedicated depots are not as compelling
- Small fleets won't electrify due to complexity and economics
- Slower conversion of fleets due to time required to develop sites
- Unlikely colocation of public access if private, dedicated fleets





Challenge Statement

Regarding Mobility & Transportation, to achieve Washington's Carbon & Equity goals, a critical obstacle for NextEra Energy Resources to overcome is minimizing the permitting and interconnection timeline and the utilization risk of launching a new energy infrastructure asset-type – multi-modal green charging hubs.



